

A Study of the Efficacy and Safety of Guselkumab in Participants with Moderately to Severely Active Crohn's Disease

11/09/2025 04:31:34

Main Information

Primary registry identifying number Protocol number LBCTR2019010167 CNTO1959CRD3001

MOH registration number

2018/2/52806

Study registered at the country of origin Study registered at the country of origin: Specify

Type of registration Type of registration: Justify

N/A Prospective

Date of registration in national regulatory agency

20/12/2018

Primary sponsor Primary sponsor: Country of origin

Janssen Research & Development, LLC

Date of registration in primary registry Date of registration in national regulatory agency

GALAXI

29/02/2024 20/12/2018

Public title Acronym

A Study of the Efficacy and Safety of Guselkumab in Participants **GALAXI** with Moderately to Severely Active Crohn's Disease

Scientific title Acronym

A Phase 2/3, Randomized, Double-blind, Placebo- and Activecontrolled, Parallel group, Multicenter Protocol to Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Guselkumab in Participants with Moderately

to Severely Active Crohn's Disease

The purpose of this program is to evaluate the efficacy and safety of

guselkumab in participants with Crohn's disease.

Brief summary of the study: Arabic

Brief summary of the study: English

الغرض من هذا البرنامج هو تقييم فاعلية وأمان غوزيلكوماب عند استخدامه لدى مشاركين مصابين بداء كرون نشط من متوسط إلى حاد

Health conditions/problem studied: Specify

Moderately to Severely Active Crohn's Disease

Interventions: Specify

Phase 2 Dose-Ranging Study (GALAXI 1)

All participants in the Phase 2 study will be randomized to 1 of 5 treatment groups as described below. Participants will remain on their assigned treatment regimens through the end of the 48-week study, unless otherwise specified.

Group 1: Guselkumab Regimen 1 (1200 mg IV q4w x $3 \rightarrow$ 200 mg SC q4w)

Participants will receive guselkumab 1200 mg intravenous (IV) induction every 4 weeks (q4w) from Week 0 through Week 8 (ie, total of 3 IV doses). At Week 12, participants will continue treatment with guselkumab 200 mg subcutaneous (SC) maintenance q4w through Week 44.

Group 2: Guselkumab Regimen 2 (600 mg IV q4w x 3 → 200 mg SC q4w)

Participants will receive guselkumab 600 mg IV induction q4w from Week 0 through Week 8 (ie, total of 3 IV doses). At Week 12, participants will continue treatment with guselkumab 200 mg SC maintenance q4w through Week 44.



Group 3: Guselkumab Regimen 3 (200 mg IV q4w x 3 → 100 mg SC q8w)

Participants will receive guselkumab 200 mg IV induction q4w from Week 0 through Week 8 (ie, total of 3 IV doses). At Week 16, participants continue treatment with guselkumab 100 mg SC maintenance every 8 weeks (q8w) through Week 40.

Group 4: Active Control, Ustekinumab (~6 mg/kg IV → 90 mg SC q8w)

Participants will receive a single ustekinumab IV induction dose at Week 0 (weight-based IV doses approximating 6 mg/kg as outlined below). At Week 8, participants will receive ustekinumab SC maintenance (90 mg SC q8w) through Week 40.

- Ustekinumab 260 mg (weight ≤55 kg)
- Ustekinumab 390 mg (weight >55 kg and ≤85 kg)
- Ustekinumab 520 mg (weight >85 kg)

Group 5: Placebo → Placebo or Ustekinumab Crossover

Participants will receive placebo IV q4w from Week 0 through Week 8 (ie, total of 3 IV doses). At Week 12, participants will continue treatment based on their clinical response status as follows:

- Placebo responders: Continue placebo treatment q4w from Week 12 through Week 44.
- Placebo nonresponders: Receive a single ustekinumab IV induction dose at Week 12 (weight-based IV doses approximating 6 mg/kg as outlined above). At Week 20, participants will receive ustekinumab SC maintenance (90 mg SC q8w) through Week 44.

Phase 3 Dose-Confirming Studies (GALAXI 2 and GALAXI 3)

Based on the Phase 2 data, 2 guselkumab dose regimens (ie, IV induction \rightarrow SC maintenance) were selected for confirmatory evaluation in Phase 3. Identical dose regimens are to be evaluated in both Phase 3 studies.

Group 1: Guselkumab Regimen 1 (200 mg IV q4w x 3 → 200 mg SC q4w)

Participants will receive guselkumab 200 mg IV induction q4w from Week 0 through Week 8 (ie, total of3 IV doses). At Week 12, participants will continue treatment with quselkumab 200 mg SC maintenanceq4w through Week 44.

Group 2: Guselkumab Regimen 2 (200 mg IV q4w x 3 → 100 mg SC q8w)

Participants will receive guselkumab 200 mg IV induction q4w from Week 0 through Week 8 (ie, total of3 IV doses). At Week 16, participants will continue treatment with guselkumab 100 mg SC maintenanceq8w through Week 40.

Group 3: Active Control – Ustekinumab (~6 mg/kg IV → 90 mg SC q8w) (Same as in GALAXI 1 above)

Group 4: Placebo → Placebo or Ustekinumab Crossover (Same as in GALAXI 1 above)

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Inclusion criteria

Inclusion Criteria:

- ≥18 years of age at screening
- CD or fistulizing CD of ≥ 3 months duration (defined as ≥ 12 weeks), with colitis, or ileocolitis, confirmed at any time in the past by radiography, histology, and/or endoscopy
- Clinically active CD, defined as a baseline CDAI score ≥220 but ≤450 and either: mean daily SF count >3 or mean daily AP score > 1
- Endoscopic evidence of active ileocolonic CD as assessed by central endoscopy reading at the screening endoscopy, defined as a screening SES-CD score \geq 6 (or \geq 4 for participants with isolated ileal disease), based on the presence of ulceration in \geq 1 of the 5 ileocolonic segments, resulting in the following specified ulceration component scores:
- A minimum score of 1 for the component of "size of ulcers" and
- A minimum score of 1 for the component of "ulcerated surface"
- · At least 1 of the following:
- Current treatment with oral corticosteroids and/or immunomodulators (AZA, 6-MP, MTX) or
- History of failure to respond to or tolerate oral corticosteroids or immunomodulators (AZA, 6-MP, MTX) or
- History of corticosteroid dependence or
- Prior primary nonresponse, secondary nonresponse, or intolerance to 1 or more biologic agent with at least the minimum dose approved for the treatment of CD (ie, infliximab, adalimumab, certolizumab pegol, vedolizumab, or approved biosimilars for these agents)

99

- A female participant of childbearing potential must have a negative urine pregnancy test result at screening and baseline

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Gender

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Specify gender

Both

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Age minimum Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Age maximum

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Exclusion criteria

- Complications of CD, such as symptomatic strictures or stenoses, short gut syndrome, or any other manifestation that might confound ability to assess the effect of treatment
- Current or suspected abscess, unless adequately treated ≥ 3 weeks before baseline
- Any kind of bowel resection within 6 months, or any other intra-abdominal or other major surgery within 12 weeks before baseline
- Draining (ie, functioning) stoma or ostomy
- Positive for an enteric pathogen, including Clostridioides difficile toxin in the previous 4 months





- Any of the following prescribed medications or therapies within the specified period:
 - IV corticosteroids within 3 weeks of baseline
 - Cyclosporine, tacrolimus, sirolimus, or mycophenolate mofetil within 8 weeks of baseline
 - 6-thioguanine within 4 weeks of baseline
- Biologic agents: anti-TNF therapy (eg, infliximab, etanercept, certolizumab pegol, adalimumab, golimumab) within 8 weeks of baseline; vedolizumab within 12 weeks of baseline; ustekinumab within 16 weeks of baseline; other immunomodulatory biologic agents, including approved and investigational biologic agents, within 12 weeks of baseline or within 5 half-lives of baseline, whichever is longer
 - Any investigational intervention within 4 weeks of baseline or within 5 half-lives of baseline, whichever is longer
- Nonautologous stem cell therapy (eg, Prochymal), natalizumab, efalizumab, or biologic agents that deplete B- or T-cells (eg, rituximab, alemtuzumab, or visilizumab) received within 12 months of baseline
- Treatment with apheresis (eg, Adacolumn apheresis) or total parenteral nutrition for Crohn's disease within 3 weeks of baseline Has previously received a biologic agent targeting IL-12/23 or IL-23, including but not limited to briakinumab, brazikumab, guselkumab, mirikizumab (formerly LY3074828), and risankizumab

Type of study

Interventional

Type of intervention

Pharmaceutical

Trial scope

Therapy

Study design: Allocation
Randomized controlled trial

Study design: Control

Active

Study design: Purpose

Treatment

Study design: Assignment

Parallel

IMP has market authorization

No

Name of IMP

Guselkumab

Type of IMP

Immunological

Pharmaceutical class

interleukin inhibitor

Therapeutic indication

Crohn's disease

Therapeutic benefit

Change in the Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score

Study model

N/A

Study model: Specify model

N/A

Type of intervention: Specify type

N/A

Trial scope: Specify scope

N/A

Study design: MaskingBlinded (masking used)

Study phase

2 to 3

Study design: Specify purpose

N/A

Study design: Specify assignment

N/A

IMP has market authorization: Specify

Year of authorization Month of authorization

Study model: Explain model

N/A



Time perspective

N/A

Time perspective: Specify perspective

N/A

Time perspective: Explain time perspective

N/A

Target follow-up duration

Target follow-up duration: Unit

Number of groups/cohorts

Biospecimen retention

Samples without DNA

Target sample size

28

Date of first enrollment: Type

Actual

Date of study closure: Type

Actual

Recruitment status

Complete

Date of completion

IPD sharing statement plan

No

Biospecimen description

No genetic research will be done on the samples, unless specific consent is provided by signing the Optional Genetic Research ICF.

The results of tests done on the samples are only for scientific

The video from the endoscopies will be destroyed after a period of about 15 years from the time of study closure.

Some or all of the samples may also be kept and used for up to 15 years.

The sponsor will ensure that samples are kept secure.

Actual enrollment target size

19

Date of first enrollment: Date

31/03/2019

Date of study closure: Date

13/07/2027

Recruitment status: Specify

IPD sharing statement description

to be determined in case applicable

Additional data URL

Admin comments

Trial status

Approved



Secondar	v Identifvir	ig Numbers
Secondar	y identilyii	ig ituilibeis

No Numbers

Sources of Monetary or Material Support

Name

Janssen Research & Development, LLC

Secondary Sponsors

No Sponsors

Contact for Public/Scientific Queries						
Contact type	Contact full name	Address	Country	Telephone	Email	Affiliation
Public	Aziz Zoghbi	Beirut	Lebanon	01 612500 ext2040	zog_Az@mct- cro.com	MCT s.a.r.l (CRO)
Scientific	Janssen Research & Development, LLC	US	United States of America	844-434- 4210	JNJ.CT@sylogen t.com	Janssen (Sponsor)



Centers/Hospitals Involved in the Study			
Center/Hospital name	Name of principles investigator	Principles investigator speciality	Ethical approval
American University of Beirut	Dr. Ala Sharara	Gastroenterology	Approved
Hotel Dieu De France	Dr. Cesar Yaghi	Gastroenterology	Approved
Mount Lebanon Hospital	Dr. Mona Hallak	Gastroenterology	Approved
Rafik Hariri University Hospital	Dr. Abdullah Al Omary	Gastroenterology	Approved
Bellevue Medical Center	Dr. Bilal hotayt	Gastroenterology	Approved
Saint George Hospital University Medical Center	Dr. Khalil Bedran	Gastroenterology	Approved
Nini Hospital	Dr. Mahmoud Osman	Gastroenterology	Approved
Ain Wazein Medical Village	Dr. Farid Kerbaj	Gastroenterology	Approved

Ethics Review				
Ethics approval obtained	Approval date	Contact name	Contact email	Contact phone
Mount Lebanon Hospital	16/07/2018	Marie Merheb	marie.merheb@mlh.com.lb	05/957000 extension: 1200
Hotel Dieu de France	03/07/2018	virginia khoury	virginia.elkhoury@usj.edu.lb	01-421 229
Rafic Hariri University Hospital	19/06/2018	Amani Mehtar	amani.mehtar@crurhuh.com	01-843834
Bellevue Medical Center	29/06/2018	Wediane Saoud	wediane.saoud@bmc.com.lb	01-682666 ext 7806
Saint George Hospital University Medical Center	12/04/2022	Sandra Berbari	smberbari@stgeorgehospital.org	01-441000 Ext: 1630
Nini Hospital	04/04/2022	Kamleh Ibrahim	kamleh.ibrahim@hopitalnini.com	06-431400, Ext: 3578
Ain w Zein Medical Village	25/03/2022	Itaf Al Ashkar	itaf.alashkar@gmail.com	05-509001 ext. 2018

Countries of Recruitment
Name
Lebanon
Australia



Austria
Belarus
Belgium
Bosnia and Herzegovina
Brazil
Canada
China
Colombia
Croatia
Czech Republic
France
Georgia
Germany
Hungary
India
Italy
Japan
Jordan
Republic of Korea
Latvia
Lithuania
The Former Yugoslav Rep of Macedonia
Malaysia
Netherlands
New Zealand
Poland
Portugal



Russian Federation
Saudi Arabia
Republic of Serbia
Slovakia
Spain
Taiwan
Tunisia
Turkey
Ukraine
United Kingdom
United States of America

Health Conditions or Problems Studied		
Condition Code Keyword		
Crohn's Disease	Crohn s disease, unspecified (K50.9)	Crohn's Disease

Interventions			
Intervention	Description	Keyword	
Guselkumab Dose 1	Guselkumab will be administered by IV infusion.	Phase 2 (GALAXI 1): Group 1 (Guselkumab)	
Guselkumab Dose 2	Guselkumab will be administered by SC injection.	Phase 2 (GALAXI 1): Group 1 (Guselkumab) Phase 2 (GAL AXI 1): Group 2 (Guselkumab)	
Guselkumab Dose 3	Guselkumab will be administered by IV infusion.	Phase 2 (GALAXI 1): Group 2 (Guselkumab)	
Guselkumab Dose 4	Guselkumab will be administered by IV infusion.	Phase 2 (GALAXI 1): Group 3 (Guselkumab)	
Guselkumab Dose 5	Guselkumab will be by SC injection.	Phase 2 (GALAXI 1): Group 3 (Guselkumab)	
Guselkumab	Guselkumab will be administered by IV infusion and SC injection.	Phase 3 (GALAXI 2 and 3): Group 1 and Group 2 (Guselkumab)	
Ustekinumab	Ustekinumab will be administered by IV infusion and SC injection.	Phase 2 (GALAXI 1): Group 4 (Ustekinumab) Phase 2 (GALA XI 1): Group 5 (Placebo/Ustekinumab) Phase 3 (GALAXI 2 and 3): Group 3 (Ustekinumab) Phase 3 (GALAXI 2 and 3): Group 4 (Placebo/Ustekinumab)	
Placebo	Placebo will be administered as IV infusion.	Phase 2 (GALAXI 1): Group 5 (Placebo/Ustekinumab) Phase 3 (GALAXI 2 and 3): Group 4 (Placebo/Ustekinumab)	



Primary Outcomes				
Name	Time Points	Measure		
The CDAI score will be assessed by collecting information on 8 different Crohn's disease-related variables, with scores ranging from 0 to approximately 600. A decrease over time indicates improvement in disease activity.	Baseline and Week 12	Phase 2: Change from Baseline in the Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score at Week 12		
Clinical remission is defined as CDAI less than (<) 150 points.	Week 12	Phase 3: Clinical Remission at Week 12		

Key Secondary Outcomes			
Name	Time Points	Measure	
Clinical remission is defined as CDAI score <150.	Week 12	Phase 2: Clinical Remission at Week 12	
Clinical response is defined as greater than or equal to (>=) 100-point reduction from baseline in CDAI score or CDAI score <150.	Week 12	Phase 2: Clinical Response at Week 12	
PRO-2 remission is defined based on average daily stool frequency (SF) and average daily abdominal pain (AP) score.	Week 12	Phase 2 and Phase 3: Patient-Reported Outcome (PRO)-2 Remission at Week 12	
Clinical-biomarker response is defined using clinical response based on the CDAI score and reduction from baseline in C-reactive protein (CRP) or fecal calprotectin.	Week 12	Phase 2: Clinical-Biomarker Response at Week 12	
Endoscopic Response is measured by the Simple Endoscopic Score for Crohn's Disease (SES-CD). The SES-CD is based on the evaluation of 4 endoscopic components across 5 ileocolonic segments, with a total score ranging from 0 to 56.	Week 12	Phase 2 and Phase 3: Endoscopic Response at Week 12	
Clinical remission is defined as CDAI score <150.	Week 48	Phase 3: Clinical Remission at Week 48	
Durable clinical remission is defined as CDAI<150 for most of all visits between Week 12 and Week 48.	Week 48	Phase 3: Durable Clinical Remission at Week 48	
Corticosteroid-free clinical remission is defined as CDAI score <150 at Week 48 and not receiving corticosteroids at Week 48.	Week 48	Phase 3: Corticosteroid-Free Clinical Remission at Week 48	
PRO-2 remission is defined based on average daily stool frequency (SF) and average daily abdominal pain (AP) score.	Week 48	Phase 3: PRO-2 Remission at Week 48	
Fatigue response will be based on the Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS).Fatigue Short Form 7a contains 7 items that evaluate the severity of fatigue, with higher scores indicating greater fatigue.	Week 12	Phase 3: Fatigue Response at Week 12	
Endoscopic response is measured by the Simple Endoscopic Score for Crohn's Disease (SES-CD).	Week 48	Phase 3: Endoscopic Response at Week 48	



Trial Results	
Summary results	
Study results globally	
Date of posting of results summaries	Date of first journal publication of results
Results URL link	
Baseline characteristics	
Participant flow	
Adverse events	
Outcome measures	
URL to protocol files	