

Study of Efficacy and Safety of Ligelizumab in Adolescents and Adults With Chronic Inducible Urticaria Who Remain Symptomatic Despite Treatment With H1- Antihistamines

11/09/2025 17:06:02

_				4 8		
IN.	n	•	~~	41	\sim	-
ı.						

Primary registry identifying number

LBCTR2022014919

MOH registration number

Study registered at the country of origin

Type of registration

Prospective

Date of registration in national regulatory agency

Primary sponsor

Novartis Pharmaceuticals

Date of registration in primary registry

15/03/2022

Public title

Study of Efficacy and Safety of Ligelizumab in Adolescents and Adults With Chronic Inducible Urticaria Who Remain Symptomatic Despite Treatment With H1- Antihistamines

Scientific title

A Multi-center, Randomized, Double-blind, Placebo Controlled Study to Investigate the Efficacy and Safety of Ligelizumab (QGE031) in the Treatment of Chronic Inducible Urticaria (CINDU) in Adolescents and Adults Inadequately Controlled With H1antihistamines

Brief summary of the study: English

This is a placebo controlled, phase 3 study designed to evaluate the efficacy and safety of ligelizumab in participants with chronic inducible urticaria who are inadequately controlled with H1antihistamines

Brief summary of the study: Arabic

دراسة متعددة المراكز، عشوائية التوزيع، مزدوجة التعمية، مرتكزة على المقارنة بدواء وهمي للبحث في فعالية وسلامة في علاج الشّري المّزمن المحرّض لدى مراهقين وبالغين حالتهم غير مضبوطة بشكل كاف بواسطة مضادات (QGE031) ليجليز وماب

Health conditions/problem studied: Specify

Chronic Inducible Urticaria

Interventions: Specify

Drug: Ligelizumab

- Ligelizumab treated groups and arms

- Other Name: QGE031

Protocol number

CQGE031E12301

Study registered at the country of origin: Specify

Type of registration: Justify

N/A

Primary sponsor: Country of origin

Novartis Pharmaceuticals

Date of registration in national regulatory agency

Acronvm

PEARI -PROVOKE

Acronym



Other: Placebo

- Placebo treated groups and arms

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Inclusion criteria

Confirmed CINDU diagnosis (as per guidelines) for symptomatic dermographism, cold urticaria or cholinergic urticaria for ≥ 4 months.

Diagnosis of CINDU (symptomatic dermographism, cold urticaria or cholinergic urticaria) inadequately controlled with H1-AH at local label approved doses at the time of randomization, as defined by all of the following:

Positive response (i.e development of symptoms) to triggers despite treatment with H1-AH

Positive response (i.e. development of symptoms) to provocation test on day of randomization

Participants must be able to physically perform the protocol defined provocation test specific to the participant's CINDU.

Cholinergic urticaria participants must show sweating in performing the pulse-controlled ergometry test on day of randomization. Participants with anhidrosis must not be included.

Willing and able to complete a daily symptom eDiary as per protocol requirement and adhere to the study visit schedules

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Gender

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Specify gender

Both

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Age minimum

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Age maximum

99

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Exclusion criteria

History of hypersensitivity to any of the study drugs or its components or to drugs of similar chemical classes or to the provocation test or items used in provocation tests

Participants who have concomitant CSU at screening

Participants who have a familial form of the target CINDU that is being considered for the participant's inclusion in this study
Participants having a more defined other form of inducible urticaria than the target CINDU that is being considered for the participant's inclusion in this study

Diseases, other than chronic inducible urticaria, with urticarial or angioedema symptoms such as urticarial vasculitis, erythema multiforme, cutaneous mastocytosis (urticaria pigmentosa) and hereditary or acquired angioedema (eg, due to C1 inhibitor deficiency).

Any other skin disease associated with chronic itching that might influence, in the investigator's opinion, the study evaluations and results (eg, atopic dermatitis, bullous pemphigoid, dermatitis herpetiformis, senile pruritus, etc.) or skin diseases associated with only wheals and no itch e.g asymptomatic dermographism

Prior exposure to ligelizumab, omalizumab and or other anti-IgE therapies

Type of study

Interventional

Type of intervention

Pharmaceutical

Trial scope

Therapy

Study design: Allocation
Randomized controlled trial

Study design: Control

Placebo

Study design: Purpose

Treatment

Study design: Assignment

Parallel

IMP has market authorization

No

Name of IMP Ligelizumab Type of intervention: Specify type

N/A

Trial scope: Specify scope

N/A

Study design: Masking Blinded (masking used)

Study phase

3

Study design: Specify purpose

N/A

Study design: Specify assignment

N/A

IMP has market authorization: Specify

Year of authorization Month of authorization



Type of IMP

Immunological

Pharmaceutical class

Anti-IgE

Therapeutic indication

Patients with Chronic Inducible Urticaria

Therapeutic benefit

There are currently no approved therapies for patients with CINDU who remain symptomatic despite treatment with H1-antihistamines. The purpose of this study is to establish efficacy and safety of ligelizumab (QGE031) over placebo in participants with chronic inducible urticaria (CINDU) who remain symptomatic despite treatment with H1 antihistamine.

Study model Study model: Explain model

N/A

Study model: Specify model

Time perspective Time perspective: Explain time perspective

N/A

Time perspective: Specify perspective

N/A

Target follow-up duration Target follow-up duration: Unit

Number of groups/cohorts

Biospecimen retention Biospecimen description

Samples without DNA N/A

Target sample size Actual enrollment target size

8

Date of first enrollment: Date Date of first enrollment: Type

10/04/2022 Anticipated

Date of study closure: Type Date of study closure: Date

Anticipated 27/12/2024

Recruitment status Recruitment status: Specify

Pending

Date of completion





01/07/2024

IPD sharing statement plan

No

IPD sharing statement description

Novartis is committed to sharing access to patient-level data and supporting clinical documents from eligible studies with qualified external researchers. Requests are reviewed and approved by an independent review panel on the basis of scientific merit. All data provided is anonymized to protect the privacy of patients who have participated in the trial in line with applicable laws and regulations.

Additional data URL

https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT05024058?term=CQGE031E12301&draw=2&rank=1

Admin comments

Trial status

Approved

Secondary Identifying Numbers		
Full name of issuing authority	Secondary identifying number	
ClinicalTrials.gov	NCT05024058	

Sources of Monetary or Material Support

Name

Novartis Pharma Services Inc.

Secondary Sponsors

Name

NA

Contact for Public/Scientific Queries							
Contact type	Contact full name	Address	Country	Telephone	Email	Affiliation	
Public	Hadi Hamam	Saida	Lebanon	+961 3 795246	hadihamam@hot mail.com	Hammoud Hospital	
Scientific	Hind Khairallah	Beirut	Lebanon	+961 1 512002 Ext. 271	hind.khairallah@f attal.com.lb	Khalil Fattal et Fils s.a.l	



Centers/Hospitals Involved in the Study				
Center/Hospital name	Name of principles investigator	Principles investigator speciality	Ethical approval	
Hammoud Hospital University Medical Center	Hadi Hamam	Dermatology	Approved	

Ethics Review					
Ethics approval obtained	Approval date	Contact name	Contact email	Contact phone	
Hammoud Hospital University Medical Center	01/12/2021	Ibrahim Omeis	iomeis@hammoudhospital.org	+961 7 721021 ext 1160	

Countries of Recruitment		
Name		
Hungary		
Lebanon		

Health Conditions or Problems Studied			
Condition	Code	Keyword	
Chronic Inducible Urticaria	Urticaria (L50)	CINDU	

Interventions				
Intervention	Description	Keyword		
- IMP Administration - Informed consent procedure - Visit Schedule and Assessments	- IMP Administration - Informed consent procedure - Visit Schedule and Assessments	ICF-IMP		

Primary Outcomes				
Name	Time Points	Measure		
Change from baseline in Total Fric Score in participants with symptomatic dermographism	Week 12	Total Fric score (a scale from 0-4 where a positive response with all of the four pins is TFS = 4, while a positive response with only one pin - the largest pin is TFS = 1)		
Change from baseline in critical temperature threshold in participants with cold urticaria	Week 12	The Temptest is used to induce itch and hives in participants with cold urticaria. Critical temperature threshold (CTT), as measured by the Temptest, determines the highest temperature sufficient for inducing symptoms.		
Change from baseline in itch numerical rating scale in participants with cholinergic urticaria	Week 12	Itch numerical rating scale, a scale from 0 to 10		



Key Secondary Outcomes				
Name	Time Points	Measure		
Proportion of participants with symptomatic dermographism with Total Fric score = 0	Week 12	Total Fric score, a scale from 0-4 where a positive response with all of the four pins is TFS = 4, while a positive response with only one pin - the largest pin is TFS = 1		
Change from baseline in itch numerical rating scale in participants with symptomatic dermographism	Week 12	Itch numerical rating scale, a scale from 0-10		
Proportion of participants with cold urticaria with complete response (no itch or hives) to the TempTest	Week 12	The Temptest is used to induce itch and hives in participants with cold urticaria		
Change from baseline in itch numerical rating scale in participants with cold urticaria	Week 12	Itch numerical rating scale, a scale from 0-10		
Proportion of participants with cholinergic urticaria with itch numerical rating scale =0	Week 12	Itch numerical rating scale, a scale from 0-10		
Proportion of participants with cholinergic urticaria with physician global assessment of severity of hives (PGA - hive score) =0	Week 12	Physician global assessment of severity of hives		
Occurrence of treatment emergent adverse events and serious adverse events during the study	Week 24	Treatment emergent adverse events and serious adverse events are those which occur at any time only after treatment has started		

Date of first journal publication of results