

### Study to Evaluate the Effect of Voxelotor Administered Orally to Patients With Sickle Cell Disease (GBT HOPE)

10/08/2025 23:36:10

**Main Information** 

Primary registry identifying number

LBCTR2019080217

MOH registration number

2017/2/19436

Study registered at the country of origin

Type of registration

Retrospective

Date of registration in national regulatory agency

24/05/2017

**Primary sponsor** 

Global Blood Therapeutics, Inc.

Date of registration in primary registry

17/07/2020

**Public title** 

Study to Evaluate the Effect of Voxelotor Administered Orally to Patients With Sickle Cell Disease (GBT HOPE)

Scientific title

A Phase 3, Double-blind, Randomized, Placebo-controlled, Multicenter Study of Voxelotor Administered Orally to Patients With Sickle Cell Disease

Brief summary of the study: English

Study to Evaluate the Effect of Voxelotor Administered Orally to Patients With Sickle Cell Disease

Brief summary of the study: Arabic

المأخوذ عن طريق الفم عند المرضى الذين يعانون من مرض الخلايا المنجلية Voxelotor-دراسة لتقييم تأثير ال

Health conditions/problem studied: Specify

Sickle Cell Disease

Interventions: Specify

GBT440 (Voxelotor) tablets orally administered

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Inclusion criteria

- Male or female study participants with sickle cell disease
- Participant has had at least 1 episode of vaso-occlusive crisis (VOC) in the past 12 months.
- Age 12 to 65 years

Protocol number

GBT440-031

Study registered at the country of origin: Specify

Type of registration: Justify

Sponsor's request and registry was not available when study

Primary sponsor: Country of origin

United States of America

Date of registration in national regulatory agency

24/05/2017

Acronym

Acronym



- Hemoglobin (Hb) ≥5.5 and ≤10.5 g/dL during screening

- For participants taking hydroxyurea (HU), the dose of HU (mg/kg) must be stable for at least 3 months prior to signing the ICF

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Gender

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Specify gender

Both

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Age minimum

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Age maximum

65

Key inclusion and exclusion criteria: Exclusion criteria

- More than 10 VOCs within the past 12 months that required a hospital, emergency room or clinic visit

- Patients who are receiving regularly scheduled blood (RBC) transfusion therapy (also termed chronic, prophylactic, or preventive transfusion) or have received a RBC transfusion for any reason within 60 days of signing the ICF
- Hospitalized for sickle cell crisis or other vaso-occlusive event within 14 days of signing the ICF (i.e., a vaso-occlusive event cannot be within 14 days prior to signing the ICF)

- Hepatic dysfunction characterized by alanine aminotransferase (ALT)>4 x ULN

- Severe renal dysfunction (estimated glomerular filtration rate at the Screening visit; calculated by the central laboratory) <30mL/min/1.73m2 or on chronic dialysis

Type of study

Interventional

Type of intervention

Pharmaceutical

Trial scope

Therapy

Study design: Allocation
Randomized controlled trial

Study design: Control

Placebo

Study design: Purpose

Treatment

Study design: Assignment

Parallel

IMP has market authorization

No

Name of IMP

Voxelotor (previously GBT440)

Type of IMP

Others

Pharmaceutical class

Allosteric modulator of hemoglobin oxygen affinity

Therapeutic indication

Treatment of sickle cell disease

Therapeutic benefit

Type of intervention: Specify type

N/A

Trial scope: Specify scope

N/A

Study design: Masking Blinded (masking used)

Study phase

3

Study design: Specify purpose

N/A

Study design: Specify assignment

N/A

IMP has market authorization: Specify

Year of authorization Month of authorization



Voxelotor is an orally bioavailable HbS polymerization inhibitor that binds specifically to HbS with a 1:1 stoichiometry, and exhibits preferential partitioning to RBCs. By increasing Hb's affinity for oxygen, voxelotor inhibits HbS polymerization in a dose dependent manner that may improve deformability, decrease the viscosity of SCD blood, and ultimately increase blood flow in the microcirculation, thus improving net O2 delivery. Therefore, chronically modifying 20% to 30% of HbS with voxelotor in subjects with SCD is expected to deliver the clinical benefits of reducing HbS polymerization while improving O2 delivery to peripheral tissues.

N/A N/A

Study model: Specify model

N/A

Time perspective: Explain time perspective

N/A

Time perspective: Specify perspective

N/A

13

Date of completion

Target follow-up duration Target follow-up duration: Unit

Number of groups/cohorts

 Biospecimen retention
 Biospecimen description

 Samples without DNA
 Samples not including DNA

Target sample size Actual enrollment target size

Date of first enrollment: Type Date of first enrollment: Date

Actual 14/09/2017

Date of study closure: Type Date of study closure: Date

tual 16/06/2020

Recruitment status: Specify

Complete Active, not recruiting

IPD sharing statement plan

No

IPD sharing statement description



No Plan of data sharing

Additional data URL

https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/record/NCT03036813

**Admin comments** 

**Trial status** 

Approved

| Secondary Identifying Numbers                               |                              |  |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| Full name of issuing authority                              | Secondary identifying number |  |
| International Clinical Trials Registry Platform WHO (EUCTR) | EUCTR2016-003370-40          |  |
| Clinicaltrials.gov  | NCT03036813                  |  |

### **Sources of Monetary or Material Support**

Name

Global Blood Therapeutics Inc. USA

### **Secondary Sponsors**

No Sponsors



| Contac       | Contact for Public/Scientific Queries |   |                          |                    |                              |  |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Contact type | Contact full name                     | Address   | Country                  | Telephone          | Email                        | Affiliation  |
| Public       | Dan Rudin                             | 171 Oyster Point<br>Boulevard Suite 300<br>South San Francisco,<br>CA 94080 | United States of America | +1 650<br>534 2574 | drudin@gbt.com               | Global<br>Blood<br>Therapeuti<br>cs Inc.                 |
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| Public       | Dr. Adlette Inati                     | Rafik Hariri University<br>Hospital   | Lebanon                  | + 961 1<br>830000  | adlette.inati@lau.<br>edu.lb | Rafik Hariri<br>University<br>Hospital                   |
| Public       | Dr. Miguel Abboud                     | American University of<br>Beirut Medical Center                             | Lebanon                  | +961 1<br>350 000  | ma56@aub.edu.l<br>b          | American<br>University<br>of Beirut<br>Medical<br>Center |

| Centers/Hospitals Involved in the Study      |                                 |                                    |                  |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Center/Hospital name                         | Name of principles investigator | Principles investigator speciality | Ethical approval |
| American University of Beirut Medical Center | Dr. Miguel Abboud               | Pediatric Hematology and Oncology  | Approved         |
| Rafik Hariri University Hospital             | Dr. Adlette Inati               | Pediatric Hematology and Oncology  | Approved         |

| Ethics Review                                   |               |                  |                |                           |
|---|---------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| Ethics approval obtained                        | Approval date | Contact name     | Contact email  | Contact phone             |
| American University of<br>Beirut Medical Center | 21/02/2019    | Dr. Fuad Ziyadeh | irb@aub.edu.lb | +961 1 350000 ext<br>5445 |
| Rafic Hariri University<br>Hospital             | 31/01/2018    | Dr.lyad Issa     | NA             | +961 1 830000             |



| Countries of Recruitment |
|--------------------------|
| Name                     |
| Lebanon                  |
| United States of America |
| United Kingdom           |
| Netherlands              |
| Canada                   |
| France                   |
| Egypt                    |
| Italy                    |
| Turkey                   |
| Jamaica                  |
| Oman                     |
| Kenya                    |

| Health Conditions or Problems Studied |                             |   |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Condition                             | Code                        | Keyword   |
| Sickle cell disease                   | Sickle-cell disorders (D57) | Anemia, Sickle Cell, Hemolytic, Congenital,<br>Hemoglobinopathies, Genetic Diseases, Inborn |

| Interventions |             |             |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| Intervention  | Description | Keyword     |
| Drug          | Voxelotor   | Oral tablet |

| Primary Outcomes                |                     |  |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Name                            | Time Points         | Measure  |
| Change in hemoglobin (Hb)>1g/dl | Baseline to Week 24 | Proportion of participants with increase in Hb >1 g/dL |



| Key Secondary Outcomes                     |                     |   |  |
|--|---------------------|---|--|
| Name                                       | Time Points         | Measure   |  |
| Change from baseline in hemolysis measures | Baseline to Week 24 | Analyze hemoglobin, unconjugated bilirubin, absolute reticulocyte, reticulocytes %, and LDH |  |
| Annualized VOC incidence rate              | Baseline to Week 72 | Number of VOC events  |  |

| Trial Results                        |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Summary results                      |  |
| Study results globally               |  |
| Date of posting of results summaries | Date of first journal publication of results |
| Results URL link                     |  |
| Baseline characteristics             |  |
| Participant flow                     |  |
| Adverse events                       |  |
| Outcome measures                     |  |
| URL to protocol files                |  |
|                                      |  |